



# Plains Indians

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# Traditions

1. The Powwows started in the late 19th century there was a way to express pride in their culture and still every hundred years they still do what the Powwows did.
2. They kept their nation's madison bundles conduct ceremony or spiritual rituals.

# Food/farming/hunting/warrior societies

## Warrior societies

In the Plains, each nation had its own societies and every soldier had a job to do. They were soldiers that policed the camp and ones who raid camps and ones who actually fight. Also they fought for better hunting grounds.

This is a list of what they mostly raided



1. Horses
2. food
3. water
4. hunting materials
5. New tepee skin

This list is scattered  
not in greatest to  
least

# Food/farming/hunting/warrior societies

## Food and farming

The farming was different. They farmed the buffalo they hunted. Women striped the skin then they would have a elder say a prayer over it. They believed that it would last longer. For food they mostly eat bison but they also may eat small animals like rabbits and deer.



# Food/farming/hunting/warrior societies

## Hunting

When Hunting they used horses. They would ride and use spears. It was really dangerous . If they fell the bison might step on them, and since bison weigh like 350 pounds. So it was a big prize for big risk. The Plains Indians had lots of experience. They would once a year do a buffalo hunt, they would run buffalo off a cliff.



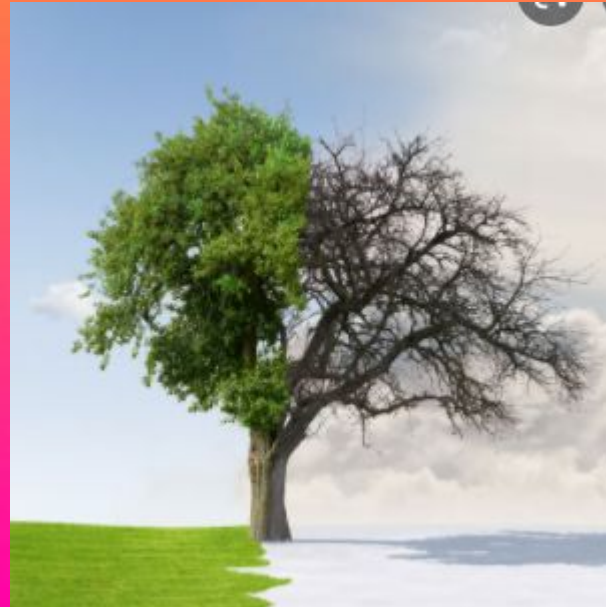
## transportation

The people of the plains use dogs to move or carry heavy things like big rocks. They also rode horses to hunt and to ride. They also use horses to go to get the crops (the 3 sister). They also rode in boats to hunt too.



# Location and weather

The weather on the great plains was rough. summers were with rough winds and some thunderstorms and winters were freezing. The plains indians are from the Assiniboine and it means he cooks using stones.



# House

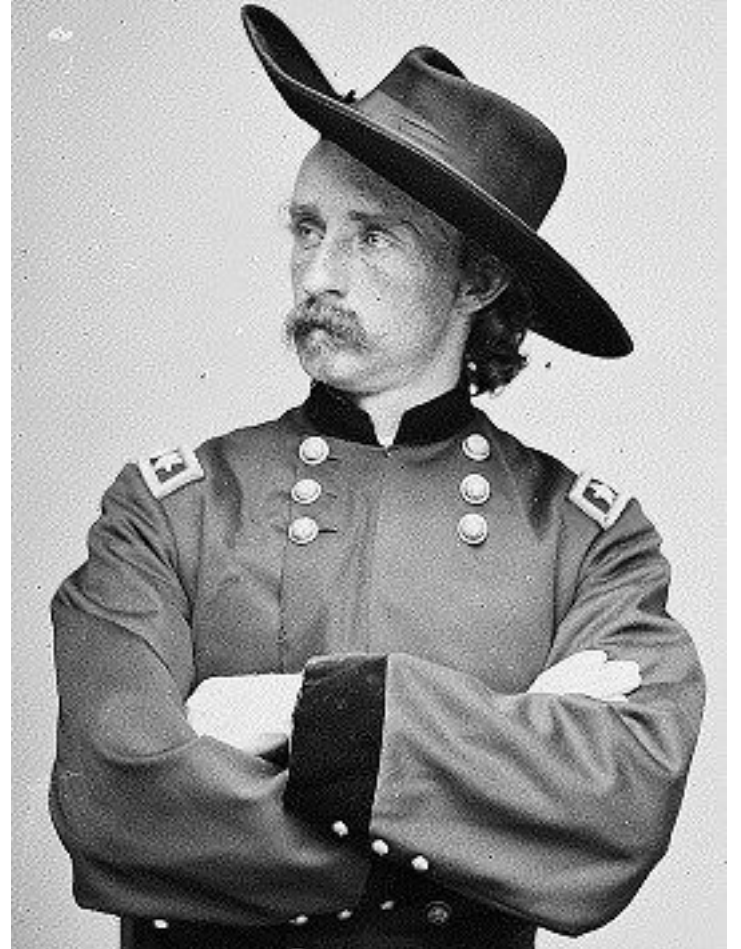
1. The houses were called tepees.
2. Earth lodges were made of wood frames that were covered with grass or sod.
3. Woman who made the teepees owned them.
4. When the people traveled the woman put up the tepees and took down the tepees.
5. A tepee could be put up in 15 minutes and taken down in 5 minutes.





# Government

Custer was the last standing and was the beginning of the end to the war.



# Resources

The plains Indians ate bison,deer,and elk and they also ate fruits vegetables and grains from the prairie.Plains women wore bison hides and softer skins like deer or antelope.plains men wore a shirt leggings and moccasins.



# Pros and cons

## Cons

1. The cloths that they wore showed a lot of skin.
2. Baby's were carried on their mothers backs and didn't have very comfortable cradles.
3. They mostly eat buffalo



## pros

- 1 Children did not go to school
2. They got to hunt for food
3. For there learning they would listen to elderly stories

# THE END

